

Hyperbolic Localization and Weight Functor

$$\lambda \in X_*(T), \quad S_\lambda = N_F t^\lambda G_0 / G_0 \\ = \{ x \in G_r : \lim_{a \rightarrow 0} 2\rho^\vee(a) \cdot x = t^\lambda \}$$

$$T_\lambda = N_F^- t^\lambda G_0 / G_0 \\ = \{ x \in G_r : \lim_{a \rightarrow \infty} 2\rho^\vee(a) \cdot x = t^\lambda \}$$

Lemma $T_\lambda \cap S_\mu \neq \emptyset \Rightarrow \mu \geq \lambda, \quad T_\lambda \cap S_\lambda = \{t^\lambda\}.$

$$\hat{\mathfrak{g}} = \mathfrak{g}_F \oplus \mathbb{C}K \oplus \mathbb{C}d \quad \hat{\mathfrak{h}} = \mathfrak{h} \oplus \mathbb{C}K \oplus \mathbb{C}d$$

$$\lambda_0 \in \hat{\mathfrak{h}}^\vee \quad \mathfrak{h} \oplus \mathbb{C}d \mapsto 0, \quad K \mapsto 1$$

$V(\lambda_0)$: highest weight representation

$\mathfrak{g}_0 \oplus \mathbb{C}d$ stabilize $1 \in V(\lambda_0)$

$$\bar{\mathbb{F}}: G_r = G_F / G_0 \hookrightarrow \mathbb{P}(V(\lambda_0)) \\ g \mapsto [g \cdot 1]$$

Claim: $\bar{\mathbb{F}}(t^\lambda) \in \mathbb{P}(V_{-(\lambda)}) \quad (\cdot: X_*(T) \rightarrow X_*(T))$

$$\Rightarrow \bar{\mathbb{F}}(\bar{S}_\lambda) \subseteq \mathbb{P}(\bigoplus_{\chi \geq -(\lambda)} V_\chi)$$

$$\bar{\mathbb{F}}(\bar{T}_\lambda) \subseteq \mathbb{P}(\bigoplus_{\chi \leq -(\lambda)} V_\chi)$$

$$T_\lambda \cap S_\mu \neq \emptyset \Rightarrow -(\lambda) \geq -(\mu) \Rightarrow \mu \geq \lambda$$

Prop $\dim \bar{G}_{r\lambda} \cap S_\mu = \underline{\langle \rho, \lambda + \mu \rangle} \quad \lambda \in X_*(T)^+.$

Pf. $\bar{G}_{r\lambda} \cap S_\mu \neq \emptyset \Rightarrow t^\mu \in \bar{G}_{r\lambda} \Rightarrow \omega_0 \lambda \leq \mu \leq \lambda.$

Use induction

$$\textcircled{1} \mu = \omega_0 \lambda, \quad \bar{G}_{r\lambda} \subset \bar{T}_{\omega_0 \lambda} \Rightarrow \bar{G}_{r\lambda} \cap S_\mu = \{t^{\omega_0 \lambda}\}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \mu = \lambda, \quad \bar{G}_{r\lambda} \subset \bar{S}_\lambda, \quad S_\lambda \cap \bar{G}_{r\lambda} \stackrel{\text{open}}{\subset} \bar{G}_{r\lambda}$$

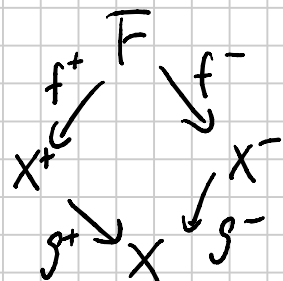
$$S_{<\lambda} = \bar{S}_\lambda \cap \Theta \quad \Theta = t^\lambda(G_r^0)^c.$$

Braden's hyperbolic localization theorem

$$G_m \curvearrowright X \text{ (normal)} \quad \bar{F} = X^{G_m}$$

$$X^+ = \{x \in X : \lim_{a \rightarrow 0} a \cdot x \text{ exists}\}$$

$$X^- = \{x \in X : \lim_{a \rightarrow \infty} a \cdot x \text{ exists}\}$$



$$S \in D(X) \text{ weakly equivariant} \quad p: G_m \times X \rightarrow X$$

$$p^* S = L \boxtimes S$$

$$S^{*!} = (f^-)^* (g^-)^! S$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$S^{!*} = (f^+)^! (g^+)^* S \quad \text{is isomorphism}$$

$$\text{adjoint} \quad S \rightarrow (g^+)_* (g^+)^* S$$

$$\text{apply } (-)^{*!} \quad S^{*!} \rightarrow \frac{(f^-)^* (g^-)^! (g^+)_* (g^+)^* S}{(f^-)_* (f^+)^!} = (f^+)^! (g^+)^* = S^{!*}$$

$$j: X \setminus X^+ \rightarrow X, \quad j: j^* S \rightarrow S \rightarrow (g^+)_* (g^+)^* S \xrightarrow{+}$$

$$\text{suffice to show } (j, j^*)^{*!} = 0$$

$$\text{i.e. } S^{*!} = S^{!*} \text{ if } S|_{X^+} = 0.$$

normal: X can be covered by subspace of A^N ,
where G_m acts linearly.

suffice to show when $X = A^N$.

weak equivalence: Lemma

Y base space $W \rightarrow Y$ G_m -equivariant vector bundle.

$$W = W_+ \oplus W_-$$

$$E = P(W) \setminus P(W_+), \quad B = P(W_-)$$

$$E \xrightarrow[p \circ i = \text{id}]{p} B \xrightarrow{\phi} Y$$

$$\phi_* p_* S = \phi_* i^* S, \quad S \text{ weakly equivariant}$$

$$\phi_* p_! S = \phi_* i^! S$$

$$p: [W_+, W_-] \rightarrow [W_-]$$

$$\mu: G_m \times E \rightarrow E$$

$$\text{graph } \Gamma_\mu \subset G_m \times E \times E$$

$$\text{pts: } (a, e, ae)$$

$$\Gamma = \overline{\Gamma}_\mu \subset A' \times E \times E$$

$$\text{pts: } (a, e, ae), \quad a \neq 0$$

$$\tilde{\Gamma} = \overline{\Gamma} \subset A' \times E \times P(W)$$

$$(0, e, \lim_{a \rightarrow 0} ae) \in \{0\} \times E \times B$$

$$\tilde{\Gamma} = \Gamma \Rightarrow \text{pr}_1: \Gamma \rightarrow A' \times E \text{ proper. } \text{pr}_2: \Gamma \rightarrow A' \times E$$

$$\phi_* p_* \hookrightarrow j_* j^* S \rightarrow S \rightarrow i_* i^* S \xrightarrow{\pm 1}$$

$$\text{suffice: } \phi_* p_* S = 0 \quad S|_B = 0$$

$$\psi: A' \times E \xrightarrow{\text{id} \times \phi} A' \times Y \quad \text{goal: } \psi_*(k_{A'} \boxtimes S) = 0$$

$$\psi_*(k_{A'} \boxtimes S) \rightarrow \psi_* \text{pr}_{2*} \text{pr}_2^*(k_{A'} \boxtimes S) = \psi_* \text{pr}_{1*} \text{pr}_2^*(k_{A'} \boxtimes S) = \tilde{S}$$

$$\text{Claim } \tilde{S} = k_{G_m} \boxtimes \phi_* p_* S \rightarrow \psi_*(k_{A'} \boxtimes S)$$

Omitted

$$X = A^N = V_0 \times V_+ \times V_-$$

$$\overline{F} = V_0$$

$$X^+ = V_0 \times V_+$$

$$X^- = V_0 \times V_-$$

$$\overline{X} = V_0 \times (P(V_+ \oplus V_- \oplus k) \setminus P(V_-))$$

$$\overline{X}^+ = V_0 \times P(V_+ \oplus k) \quad \overline{X}^- = X^-$$

$$b: X \rightarrow \overline{X}, \quad h: \overline{X} \setminus X^- \rightarrow \overline{X}, \quad \pi: \overline{X} \rightarrow V_0$$

$$(bg^-)_* (bg^-)^! b_! S \rightarrow b_! S \rightarrow h_* h^* b_! S \xrightarrow{\pm 1}$$

apply $\bar{\pi}$: $(\bar{\pi} b g^-)_* (g^-)^! S = (f^-)^* (g^-)^! S = S^{*!}$

suffice: $\bar{\pi}_* b_! S = 0, \quad \bar{\pi}_* h_* h^* b_! S = 0.$

① Lemma:

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 \bar{X} & & \bar{\pi}_* b_! S \\
 p \downarrow \uparrow i & & \\
 \bar{X}^+ & & = \phi_* i^* b_! S \\
 \phi \downarrow & & \\
 V_0 & & S|_{X^+} = 0, (b_! S)|_{\bar{X} \setminus X} = 0 \\
 & & \Rightarrow i^* b_! S = 0
 \end{array}$$

② Lemma $\bar{E} = \bar{X} \setminus X^- = V_0 \times (P(V_+ \oplus V_- \oplus k) \setminus P(V_- \oplus k))$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 p \downarrow \uparrow i & & \downarrow h \\
 B = \bar{X}^+ \setminus X^+ = V_0 \times P(V_+) & \xrightarrow{a} & \bar{X} \\
 \phi \downarrow & \nwarrow \bar{\pi} & \\
 V_0 & &
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \bar{\pi}_* h_* h^* b_! S \\
 & = \phi_* i^* h^* b_! S \\
 & = \phi_* a^* b_! S
 \end{aligned}
 \quad
 \begin{aligned}
 & S|_{X^+} = 0, (b_! S)|_{\bar{X} \setminus X} = 0 \\
 & \Rightarrow a^* b_! S = 0
 \end{aligned}$$

Cor $f^\pm: F \xrightarrow[\pi^\pm]{} X^\pm$

$(f^\pm)^* = (\pi^\pm)_*, \quad (f^\pm)^! = (\pi^\pm)_!$
 On weak equivalence

$$\underline{H_{T_\mu}^k(G_r, A) \cong H_c^k(S_\mu, A)} \quad A = IC_\lambda.$$

$$X = \overline{G_r}_\lambda, \quad X_\mu^- = T_\mu \cap \overline{G_r}_\lambda, \quad X_\mu^+ = S_\mu \cap \overline{G_r}_\lambda.$$

$$(f^-)^*(g^-)' A \cong (f^+)'(g^+)^* A \quad T = \{t^k \in \overline{G_r}_\lambda\}$$

$$= (\pi_-)_*(g^-)' A \quad (\pi_+)'(g^+)^* A$$

Prop $H_c^k(S_\mu, A)$ is zero if $k \neq \langle 2p, \mu \rangle$.

$\overline{G_r}_\lambda \cap S_\mu$ covers S_μ .

$$\dim \overline{G_r}_\lambda \cap S_\mu = \langle p, \lambda + \mu \rangle$$

$$A \in \text{Perv}(G_r) \quad i^* A \in D^{\leq \dim}$$

$\Rightarrow$ zero if $k > \langle 2p, \mu \rangle$

同理, $H_{T_\mu}^k(G_r, A) = 0$ if $k < \langle 2p, \mu \rangle$, $\square$

weight functor $T_\mu(A) = H_c^{\langle 2p, \mu \rangle}(S_\mu, A)$.

$$\text{Last: } H^*(G_r, A) = \bigoplus_{\mu \in X(T)} T_\mu(A).$$

$$H_c^{\langle 2p, \mu \rangle}(S_\mu, A) = H_c^{\langle 2p, \mu \rangle}(\overline{S}_\mu, A)$$

$$\& \quad H_c^{\langle 2p, \lambda \rangle}(\overline{S}_\mu, A) = H_c^{\langle 2p, \lambda \rangle}(S_\lambda, A) \quad \lambda \leq \mu.$$

$$H_c^{\langle 2p, \mu \rangle + \text{odd}}(\overline{S}_\mu, A) = 0$$

Pf. Induction.

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 & H^{(2p, \mu)}(G_r, A) & \\
 \nearrow & & \searrow \\
 H_{T_\mu}^{(2p, \mu)}(G_r, A) & & H_c^{(2p, \mu)}(\bar{S}_\mu, A) \\
 \searrow \scriptstyle S & & \nearrow \scriptstyle S \\
 H_{T_\mu}^{(2p, \mu)}(G_r, A) \xrightarrow{\sim} H_c^{(2p, \mu)}(S_\mu, A) & &
 \end{array}
 \quad \square$$